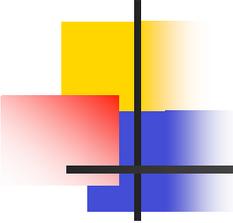


32-bit ASNs

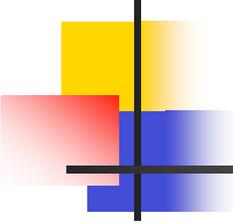
Philip Smith

SANOG 14
15 - 23 July 2009
Chennai



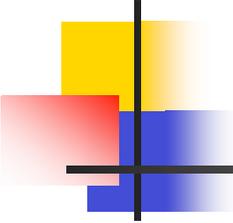
32-bit ASNs

- Standards documents
 - Description of 32-bit ASNs
 - www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc4893.txt
 - Textual representation
 - www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc5396.txt
 - New extended community
 - www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/draft-ietf-idr-as4octet-extcomm-generic-subtype-00.txt
- AS 23456 is reserved as interface between 16-bit and 32-bit ASN world



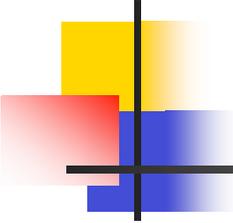
Getting a 32-bit ASN

- Sample RIR policy
 - www.apnic.net/docs/policy/asn-policy.html
- From 1st January 2009
 - 32-bit ASNs assigned by default
 - 16-bit ASNs only available on request
- From 1st January 2010
 - No distinction – ASNs assigned from 32-bit pool



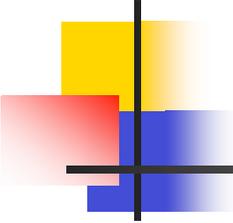
Changes (1)

- 32-bit ASNs are backwardly compatible with 16-bit ASNs
- There is no flag day
- You do NOT need to:
 - Throw out your old routers
 - Replace your 16-bit ASN with a 32-bit ASN



Changes (2)

- You do need to be aware that:
 - Your customers will come with 32-bit ASNs
 - ASN 23456 is not a bogon!
 - You will need a router supporting 32-bit ASNs to use a 32-bit ASN
- If you have a proper BGP implementation, 32-bit ASNs will be transported silently across your network

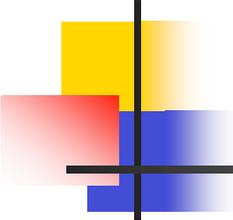


Community Assistance

- Several 4-byte ASN presentations
 - At RIR meetings
 - At NANOG, RIPE and APRICOT
- Community wiki:
 - <http://as4.cluepon.net>
 - Has implementations, configurations examples, configuration advice,...

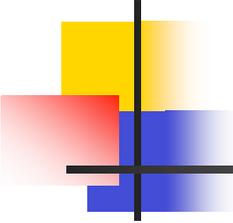
Implementations (July 09)

| Name | Version |
|--|---|
| Alcatel-Lucent SR OS | 7.0 |
| Arbor Peakflow SP | 5.5 |
| BIRD | 1.0.12 |
| Brocade (Foundry) IronWare | 4.0.00 for the NetIron MLX and XMR, 2.8.00 for the BigIron RX |
| Cisco IOS | 12.0(32)S12, 12.0(32)SY8, 12.2(33)SXI1, 12.4(24)T |
| Cisco IOS XE | 2.3 |
| Cisco IOS XR | 3.4(1) |
| Cisco NX-OS | 4.0(1) |
| ExtremeXOS | Need Information |
| Juniper JUNOS | 9.1R1 |
| Juniper JUNOSe | 4.1.0 |
| Force10 FTOS | 7.7.1.0 |
| OpenBGPD | 4.2, patches for 3.9 and 4.0 |
| Quagga | 0.99.10, patches for 0.99.6 and other versions |
| Redback SEOS | 2.0 |



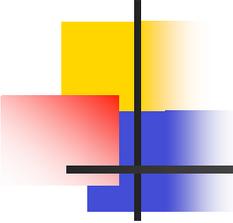
32-bit ASN not supported:

- Inability to distinguish between peer ASes using 32-bit ASNs
 - They will all be represented by AS23456
 - Could be problematic for transit provider's policy
- Inability to distinguish prefix's origin AS
 - How to tell whether origin is real or fake?
 - The real and fake both represented by AS23456
 - (There should be a better solution here!)



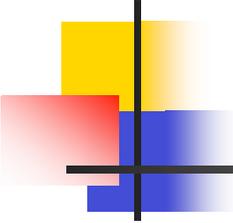
32-bit ASN not supported:

- Incorrect NetFlow summaries:
 - Prefixes from 32-bit ASNs will all be summarised under AS23456
 - Traffic statistics need to be measured per prefix and aggregated
 - Makes it hard to determine peerability of a neighbouring network



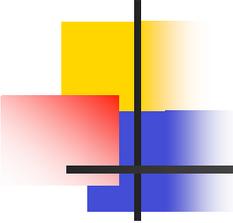
Problems so far?

- AfNOG
 - Broke quagga (had fixed max size for 4-byte ASN AS_PATH (AS4_PATH))
- Confederations
 - If not all confederation members support 4-byte ASNs, can end up with AS23456 in AS4-PATH
 - Caused BGP session reset
- Case of AS_PATH shorter than AS4_PATH not caught as error
- Fixes in:
 - www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/draft-ietf-idr-rfc4893bis-00.txt



What next?

- Pester your router vendors for 32-bit ASN support
 - Do you really want to run beta software in your core network?
 - Depletion of the 16-bit pool is not far away
 - Stable software, deployment cycles &c
 - Insist your vendors support “asplain”
 - Otherwise prepare to rewrite all your regular expressions!!



Conclusion

- The Internet will not break
- Your network will not break
- If you have an ASN today:
 - You don't need to change anything
 - 32-bit ASNs appear as AS 23456
- If you have no ASN today:
 - Your routers will need 32-bit ASN support
 - (Or you will need to ask RIRs for a 16-bit ASN)